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Conſtantinople, March 11.

WE have Reports here from Perſia, that the Shaugh has again made Incurſions on the Turkiſh Frontier, as far as Akelzik in Georgia, and laid Waſte the adjacent Territory. Yeghen Baſhaw, the new Turkiſh Generaliſſimo, is as yet advanced no farther than Kutayah. It is ſaid he has already near 100,000 Men. There are Reports likewiſe of ſome Mutiny amongſt the Turks at Cars. This War ſeems to be puſh'd more ſeriouſly this Year than ever. Ten thouſand Tartars are continually expected to arrive; they come on Horſeback, and each Cavalier has two ſpare Horſes. We juſt now hear that the Tartars are paſſing over the Boſphorus into Aſia.

Stockholm, March 29, *O. S.* His Swediſh Majeſty is ſtill indiſpoſed with his laſt Attack of the Gravel, but is much better ſince laſt Night that he reſted pretty well. We have three Mails due from England, and two Poſts from Holland.

Vienna, April 7, *N. S.* The Bavarians have abandonded Lauffen, Reichethal where they have their Salt-Pits, the Saltza and Burkhauſen, and are all retired to the Upper Iſſyr. The Heſſians too have abandoned Straubing. A great Quantity of Salt was found at Reichendal, and a Bavarian Regiment of Horſe falling in with two Regiments of Huſſars, in its Way to the projected Camp at Vils Biburg near Landſhut, has, beſides the Killed, which are in the greateſt Number, and the Diſperſed, loſt 200 Priſoners, with ſeveral Officers, who are in the Hands of the Auſtrians. General de la Motte having undertaken, with 6000 Foot and 2000 Horſe, to diſlodge the Inſurgents who are in Upper Sileſia, to the Number of 15,000 Men, General Feſtetitz, at the Head of the Latter, went out againſt him, and led him back with a continual Skirmiſhing to the Gates of Ratibor. This Affair is ſaid to have coſt the Pruſſians 600 Men in their Retreat, and 300 the next Day by Deſertion. It is not ſaid what Loſs the Hungarians have had, if any.

Vienna, April 12, *N. S.* By our laſt Advices from Italy, Prince Lobkowitz was retired behind the Panaro, where it is not doubted but that he may maintain himſelf, and receive the Reinforcements which are upon the Road from hence to join him. The Spaniſh and Neapolitan Armies together are reckoned at 22000 Men. Marſhal Traun will ſet out for Bavaria next Tueſday, and in about ten Days Prince Charles will put himſelf at the Head of the Army in Sileſia, which is already in Motion. We have Advice, that the greateſt Part of Bavaria is in the Queen's Poſſeſſion, and that the whole Country is in the utmoſt Confuſion. Letters from Munich mention, that they are at a Loſs there to know what is become of the Bavarian Army. The Heſſians are endeavouring to reach Rain. The French are aſſembled near Donawerth, where they remain very quietly looking on without ſtirring, and General Bathiani, by this Time, we hope, may be in March towards that Place. The Heſſian and Bavarian Priſoners are arrived here. The Officers of the former are permitted to go about the Town, and will ſhortly be ſent to Gratz and Newſtadt. The latter are to go into Hungary. There are above 80 of them in all.

Mentz, April 11. It is computed that the French Troops now aſſembling at Heidelberg will not make above 3500. The French have required of the Circle of Swabia to place Troops in Hailbron, but the Circle has reinforced their own Garriſon there with a Deſign to refuſe this Demand. The Prince of Conti is expected here in a few Days, to take the Command of the French Army, and M. Maillebois's Baggage is already ſent away. M. de Loos, the Saxon Miniſter at Munich, is expected here in a little Time. The Auſtrian Troops having taken Poſſeſſion of Landſhut, were advanced within four German Miles of Munich, where every Thing was in the greateſt Confuſion; and there is Advice from thence, that the Elector of Bavaria intended to retire to Augsburgh on the 7th. The French have abandoned Kilheim, and the Van-Guard of the Bavarian Army having ſhewed itſelf between Landſhut and Morbach, Ma-

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(Price Two-Pence.)

jor-General Trips, at the Head of the Queen's Troops, attacked them with ſo much Succeſs, that they were entirely routed, three hundred Men of the Regiment of Taxis killed, and Frohberg's Cuiraſſiers ſo roughly handled, that only 15 Officers and 200 Men remain'd of that Regiment, who were made Priſoners of War.

Mentz, April 14. We hear from Bavaria, that the Heſſian General, diſcontented with Marſhal Thoring's Diſpoſitions, and enraged at the Loſs of ſo many of his Troops at Vilſhofen, had determined to ſave the reſt by marching homewards; and that notwithſtanding the Marſhal had ſeized his Baggage in order to prevent that Separation, he had actually withdrawn his Troops towards the Frontier of Suabia. That M. de Segur was not better ſatisfied with M. Thoring than the Heſſian General, and rather choſe to defend himſelf ſeparately than to join with the Bavarians, becauſe the latter having loſt the greateſt Part of their Magazines, he ſhould be obliged to feed them, and run the Hazard of not being able to ſubſiſt his own Troops. The Bavarian Infantry are ſaid to want Arms, and their Cavalry Boots and other Neceſſaries. Part of the French Troops paſſed their Bridge in the Night, and this Morning at Ten o'Clock we ſaw a Regiment of Horſe march the ſame Way from the Windows of the Palace.

Mentz, April 15, *N. S.* A Detachment of the French Army under the Command of Marſhal de Maillebois, conſiſting of eight Battalions and nine Squadrons, began to repaſs the Rhine Yeſterday upon the Bridge which they have ſet up at Biberick, a little below this City. 'Tis ſaid this Body will be followed To-day by another Detachment, and that both of them will march into the Hunſruck, under the Command of M. de Chatelet, but upon what Deſign is a Secret. All our Advices from Bavaria confirm the Accounts already given of the Succeſs of the Auſtrian Troops in that Electorate, and deſcribe the ill State of the Bavarian Army, as well as the Diſſentions that have ariſen between the Bavarian, French, and Heſſian Generals, ſince the taking of Vilſhofen, in ſuch Terms as ſeem to promiſe great Succeſs to the Queen of Hungary's Arms in that Electorate.

Mentz, April. 18, *N. S.* The Elector of Bavaria arrived the 15th Inſtant, N. S. at Augsbourg, and it is ſaid, that the Heſſian Troops in the Service of Bavaria have paſſed by that Town. Baron Keſſelſtat and Baron Droſt, Miniſters of the Electors of Mentz and Cologne, came from Munich to Augsburgh the ſame Day, after having wrote to General Bathiani, at the Elector's Requeſt, to deſire that the Empreſs and his Grandmother the Electreſs of Bavaria might be permitted to ſtay in Safety at Munich. All the other foreign Miniſters who reſided at Munich, have followed the Elector to Augsbourg. The French Troops which repaſſed the Rhine on the 14th and 15th, together with the Swiſs Regiment of Secdorf, conſiſting of three Battalions, which lay on the South Side of that River, were ordered to Bingen. In the mean time we have Advice, that the Duke of Aremberg quitted Limpurg and Ober Lanſtein on the 14th, upon which M. Maillebois immediately took Poſſeſſion of the Lahne, and the Allied Army is at preſent encamped under the Cannon of Erenbreitſtein, between Neuwied and Engers.

Berlin, April 13, *N. S.* Their Royal Highneſſes the Prince of Pruſſia and Prince Henry will go to the Army the 23d of this Month. The Marquis de Vallory is alſo invited to come to go thither, upon the firſt Notice he ſhall receive, and which he is now impatiently expecting, having made all the neceſſary Preparations for his Departure. The Boats which have lately gone off from hence, loaded partly with Proviſions and warlike Stores, and partly with Recruit Horſes for the Regiments in Sileſia, amount to 72 in Number; they debark at Audit, a Place ſituate on this Side the Territory of Luſatia, where Horſes are ready to receive and tranſport the Cargoes. Recruits are daily going to Sileſia: The three Regiments of Foot, and two Regiments of Dragoons of Roel and Stoſch, as alſo four Companies of Grenadiers, and in ſhort all the Garriſon here, have received their laſt Orders for marching, and will be employed, with the Regiment of Foot of Leps, and that of Dragoons of Mullendorf, and ſome others, who are to return from Sileſia, to form a Camp at Gethin near Magdebourg: This Corps will conſiſt of 30 Squadrons and 12 Battalions, making about 12000 Men, whereof the reigning Prince of Deſſau will have the Command.

Berlin, April 17, *N. S.* The twelve Battalions and 30 Squadrons, which are to form a Camp at Magdebourg, are beginning to file off that Way. Stoſch's and Roel's Dragoons marched, the firſt Yeſterday and the latter this Morning. It is ſaid that the reigning Prince of Deſſau having refuſed the Command of that Corps, his Pruſſian Majeſty will confer it upon the Prince of Pruſſia. Several Cannons, from 18 to 24 Pounders, were taken out of the Arſenal this Morning, and embarked, in order to be tranſported to Magdebourg. Bredow's Regiment of Foot is to return into Garriſon here upon the Departure of the preſent Garriſon. We hear from Neiſs, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has diſmiſſed Colonel Kalſchaw, to whom he had lately given a Regiment, and the Prince of Anhalt Schaumbourg a Captain. The old General Kleiſt is upon the Road in his Return from Sileſia with all his Equipages, and Field Marſhal Schwerin continues ill. They talk of his going to Aix la Chapelle, as ſoon as the Seaſon and the State of his Health will permit him.

Augsbourg, April 16, *N. S.* The Elector and his Miniſters are arrived here. Yeſterday the Auſtrians were very near Munich. They are ſuppoſed to be by this Time actually in Poſſeſſion of it.

it. The Empreſs remains there with the Princeſſes her Daughters. The Bavarian Army is retiring towards Donawerth, purſued by the Enemy, and ſuffers incredibly by Deſertion, occaſioned by Want of Proviſions, Forage and Money. The French were totally defeated Yeſterday at Pfaffenhoven, and the Palatins made Priſoners of War. The Heſſians do very little ſince their having loſt three whole Regiments, who are Priſoners of War. Every Thing goes as ill as poſſible. The Bavarian Army will paſs the Lech, and retire into Suabia.

Geiſſenfeld, April 16, *N. S.* A Courier juſt arrived from the Auſtrian Head Quarters at Schrobenhauſen, brings Word, that in the Battle which was fought Yeſterday at Pfaffenhoven, Five Thouſand French and Palatins were left dead upon the Spot, and that the Remainder, amounting to 4000, was entirely diſperſed. He adds, that the Auſtrians loſt ſome hundreds of Men in the Action.

Bruſſels, April 21, *N. S.* This Day his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland arrived here about twelve at Noon. Count Caunitz Ridberg, Miniſter Plenipotentiary for the Government General of theſe Countries, with Marſhal Konigſegg, and Count Lanoy, Governor of this Place, went to meet his Royal Highneſs at Antwerp, and returned hither in the ſame Coach with him, which was preceded by a Detachment of his Majeſty's Horſe Grenadiers, and followed by two of his Royal Highneſs's Coaches empty, together with another Detachment of the ſaid Guards. The Cannon upon the Ramparts were fired upon his Royal Highneſs's entring the Gate of this Town, and the Burghers, who had been order'd under Arms, attended there, and at ſeveral other Stations, where the Duke was to paſs, particularly in the great Market, where the Town Houſe ſtands, which was adorned as on State-Days, with Carpets and lighted Flambeaux all along the Front of it. From thence the Duke went on to the Hotel d'Egmond, which was prepared for him with the Furniture of the late Archdutcheſs and Prince Charles of Lorrain out of the Palace of Orange. The collateral Councils of Brabant, and the Magiſtracy of this Place, are order'd to compliment his Royal Highneſs upon his Arrival and Command.

Bruſſels, April 23, *N. S.* We have Advices here, that the French King was to ſet out as Yeſterday from Paris, and that Part of the Houſehold Troops are already entred this Country. The Marſhal Count Saxe is at Maubeuge, and is in ſo bad a Way, that his Death is daily expected.

Oſtend, April 25, *N. S.* The Garriſon of Bruges and Ghent march this Day. Ponſonby's Regiment is this Morning marched to Bruges, there to wait farther Orders. Lord Harry Beauclerk's Regiment has Orders to be in Readineſs for Wedneſday. The French paſſed the Scheld on Friday, and are encamped between Aeth and Vieux Condé. They began to inveſt Mons the ſame Night.

Whitehall, April 16, 1745.

Whereas an anonymous Letter, dated the 6th of this Inſtant April, and directed, To William Sheppard, was found at the Door of the ſaid Mr. William Sheppard's Dwelling-houſe in Froome in the County of Somerſet, on Monday the 8th of this Inſtant April, threatning to burn and deſtroy the Houſes and Goods of him the ſaid William Sheppard and his Brother, and alſo the Lives of ſeveral Hundred Perſons, who are not named in the ſaid Letter, unleſs three Perſons, who had been lately committed to Priſon for their riotous and diſorderly Behaviour, were immediately releaſed: And whereas the Life of the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Viſcount Weymouth, who committed them, was threatned in the ſaid Letter to be taken away before Eaſter next; His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in ſending or writing the abovementioned Letter, is graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe his Pardon to any one of them who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HARRINGTON.

And as a farther Encouragement, The Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Weymouth does hereby promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, to be paid upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

WEYMOUTH.

And the Church-Wardens of Froome in the County of Somerſet aforeſaid, for the Time being, do alſo promiſe to pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, upon Conviction, to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as is abovementioned.

William Barton, Joſeph Cleevey, } *Church-Wardens.*

By the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy.

Theſe are to give Notice, that on Thurſday the 25th Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale at this Office, in Purſuance of Orders on that Behalf, the Hull of His Majeſty's Sloop the Spy, with her Maſts, Yards, Sails, and other Particulars that are to be ſold with her, as ſhe now lies at His Majeſty's Yard at Portſmouth; where ſhe may be viewed by ſuch Perſons as are willing to attend the ſaid Sale, and bid for her.

Dated at the Navy-Office, April 12, 1745.

Briſtol, April 13, 1745.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen that were on Board His Majeſty's Ship Portmahone at the Taking of the New Alliance, That the Prize-Money will be paid to the reſpective Claimants on Thurſday the 25th of this Inſtant, on Board His Majeſty's ſaid Ship in Kingroad; and on every following Thurſday, from Nine till Twelve in the Forenoon, at the Warehouſe of Joſeph Iles, Eſq; behind his Houſe in Queen Square: And if the ſaid Ship ſhould ſail for Plymouth, before the 25th Inſtant, then the ſaid Prize-Money to be paid either on board the ſaid Ship at Plymouth, or at the Houſe of Mr. Richard Hickes, Merchant there, on Thurſday the 16th of May next.

Notice